

The Times-Democrat.

VOL XII. NO. 237.

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PRICE THREE CENTS.

THE REVIEW OF TRADE.

Financial Future Is Still an Uncertain Quantity.

AN ACUTE ATTACK OF DOUBT

Business Prognosticators See Little of an Encouraging Nature in Present Situation—Slight Advance in Wheat Market.

NEW YORK, July 18.—R. G. Dun & company's weekly review of trade says: Disapproval of the action at the Chicago convention has had some influence in the past week, but a far more important factor has been the feeling that the financial future is still uncertain. This acute attack of doubt, coming at a time when business is for other reasons seriously depressed, has made the week unusually gloomy in speculative circles.

The wheat market has been remarkably well supported and prices are a shade higher than a week ago. Western receipts of wheat have been 3,581,533 bushels, against 1,485,349 for the same week of July last year, and Atlantic exports, flour included, have been 1,485,081 bushels, against only 547,018 for the same week last year. These and other reports do not indicate a small yield.

Cotton has fallen about half a cent in options and one-quarter in spot prices. Holders of large quantities in expectation of cotton famine in July having changed their minds.

The woolen manufacture is waiting, and as now orders are exceedingly slow the sales of wool at the three chief markets were for the week only 2,155,100 pounds. There is no change in prices and western holders are still asking higher prices than eastern markets can pay.

The output of pig iron July 1 was 50,582 tons weekly, against 182,220 June 1 and 173,194 tons a year ago. The decrease since the maximum was reached Nov. 1, 217,806 tons weekly, has been material, and yet stocks are rapidly accumulating, those held by producers, not including the great steel companies, amounting to 815,572 tons, an increase of 29,929 tons for the month of June, or about 7,000 tons per week, which indicates a consumption of less than 175,000 tons.

Failures for the week have been 269 in the United States against 256 last year, and 36 in Canada against 39 last year.

SENT UP HER CARD.

Miss Grace Wilson Inquires About the Elder Vanderbilt.

NEW YORK, July 18.—At 8:30 p. m. it was said that there was no change in the condition of Mr. Cornelius Vanderbilt and had been none during the afternoon.

Miss Grace Wilson, the fiancee of Cornelius Vanderbilt, Jr., accompanied by her mother, drove up to the Vanderbilt mansion and made inquiries regarding the condition of Mr. Vanderbilt. They left their cards requesting that they be sent to the chamber of the sick man.

Mr. Vanderbilt is in constant attendance at the bedside of his husband. Two electric batteries are being used on the patient and ice is being constantly applied to his head to prevent the clot of blood which brought about the paralytic stroke from becoming fixed.

SERIOUSLY ILL.

Justice Stephen Field Falls to Recuperate at Paseo Robles.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 18.—Justice Stephen J. Field is seriously ill at Paseo Robles, where he went two weeks ago, going to derive benefit from the springs. He has grown so much worse during the last few days that it was deemed necessary to bring him to this city for treatment. A special train with several physicians and nurses went to Paseo Robles, and if Justice Field's condition will permit his removal he will be brought here immediately.

Champion Golf Player.

SOTTHAMPTON, L. I., July 18.—H. J. Wigham of the Onwentsia Golf club of Chicago is now the amateur champion of the United States, an honor which has belonged to another Chicago player, Charles B. MacDonald, for the past 12 months, he having won it at Newport last year. Wigham won handily with a score of 8 up and 7 to play when he had reached the twenty-ninth hole, which was halved. His opponent in the final round of 36 holes was J. G. Thorp of Boston, who is a Harvard professor. The game was played in two rounds of 18 holes each.

New Incorporations.

COLUMBUS, O., July 18.—The Central Publishing company, Cleveland, capital stock \$12,000; the National Liquid Purifying company, Hamilton, increase of capital stock from \$25,000 to \$35,000; the Edgerton Casket Manufacturing company, Edgerton, capital stock \$3,000; the Holly Coal company, Holly, capital stock \$10,000.

Taubenbick's Mission.

ST. LOUIS, July 18.—Chairman Taubenbick of the Populist national committee has excited much comment by a hurried trip to Chicago. It is asserted that he went as envoy extraordinary, carrying the terms of capitulation from the "middle-of-the-road" Populists to national Democracy.

Body of Ex-Governor Russell.

BOSTON, July 18.—A special to the journal from Camelot, N. B., says: steamer Admiral arrived at Dulhousie 2 p. m. with ex-Governor Russell.

body. The party accompanying the body has changed the route and will reach Boston tonight at 9:30.

Troops to Frontier.

ATHENS, July 18.—The Greek government has decided to send reinforcements of troops to the Greco-Turkish frontier owing to the strained relations between Greece and Turkey immediately growing out of the Cretan insurrection.

BRYAN AT HOME.

Democratic Nominee Is Given a Rousing Reception at Lincoln.

LINCOLN, Neb., July 18.—Amidst an uproar of booming cannon, pealing church bells, screaming steam whistles and the shouts of 20,000 people, William J. Bryan, the Democratic nominee for president, entered the capital city of Nebraska Friday evening. It was an ovation the like of which the people of this part of the country never before witnessed.

The mayor of the city, the city council and distinguished citizens of every political belief were at the train. There were bands of music, men carrying banners with mottoes complimentary to the Democratic leader, and flags and bunting hung from the fronts of business houses and dwellings.

All day long excursion trains have been bringing in people from the surrounding country, and the whole town is in a turmoil of enthusiastic delight. From the time Mr. Bryan and his family left Kansas City until they reached home there was a continuous ovation.

At Kansas City Judge O. M. Spencer, general counsel for the Burlington road, had his private car attached to the train. He was accompanied by his wife and a bright baby boy. As soon as Mr. Bryan and his family alighted from the train they were driven to their home, where friends had prepared a feast for them.

The house had been elaborately decorated with flags and bunting and the lawn was hung with electric lights. From their home they were driven in a carriage, escorted by Bryan marching clubs and military bands, to the statehouse, where they received citizens of the capital city.

When the reception was over Mr. Bryan went to a platform erected at the north end of the statehouse, where he addressed what is said to have been the largest congregation of people ever assembled in Lincoln. His speech was short, as there was a most unpleasant drizzling rain falling. There was no introductory speech. Mr. Bryan said:

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN—I am proud to be able to say of those who are assembled here that we are our neighbors. I beg to express to Republicans, Democrats, Populists, Prohibitionists and all of all parties the gratitude which we feel for this magnificent compliment. I say "here" because she who has shared my struggles deserves her full share of all the honor that may come to me. This scene repeats the day nine years ago this month when by accident, rather than design, I first set foot within the limits of the city of Lincoln. I remember the day because I fell in love with the town and then made the resolve to make it my future home. I came among you a stranger in a strange land, and no people have ever treated a stranger more kindly than you have treated me.

But I desire to give you that assurance. It by the suffrages of my countrymen I for a short time occupy the most honorable position within the gift of the people, I shall return to the people who first took me in their arms. This shall be my home where earthly honors have passed away and I shall mingle my ashes with the dust of this beloved state. This is no political gathering.

I see here the faces of those who with hearts as honest as I hope my own heart is, differ from me on all the issues of the day, but I am glad that love can leap across party lines and abide in the holy friendship with those whose judgment goes apart. I thank the mayor of this great city for the charity which he has shown. I thank all those of all parties who have been willing to forget the differences that exist between us and join in celebrating the fact that at last the nomination for president has crossed the Missouri river.

I am glad that the states of this union, east and west and south, will have their attention turned toward this great prairie state and to ward this capital city. We believe, my friends, that when our fellow-citizens in other sections of this land shall become acquainted with the people of this state that they will be brought nearer to us and that it will be a tie to bind us all in a common love of the greatest nation on God's footstool. And now, until I can see each one of you personally and express my thanks by pressure of the hand, permit me to bid you all, in behalf of my wife and myself, good night.

At the conclusion of his address the crowd sent up a shout that made the old statehouse tremble.

ON THE DIAMOND.

The Great National Game as Played Yesterday—The Standing.

CLUB. W. L. P.C. CLUB. W. L. P.C.
Cincinnati 53 24 488 Brooklyn 35 39 479
Baltimore 47 24 681 Philadelphia 35 40 496
Cleveland 47 24 581 Washington 31 37 455
Boston 41 32 512 New York 29 41 414
Chicago 43 34 514 St. Louis 29 45 421
Pittsburgh 39 34 514 Louisville 17 32 243

AT CLEVELAND—W. L. P.C.
Cleveland 0 0 2 0 4 2 2 2 4 12 10 5
Baltimore 1 2 0 1 1 0 0 1 7 7 18 6
Batteries—Young and O'Meara; Sullivan and Terry; Umpire—Hurst.

AT LOUISVILLE—R. H. E.
Louisville 3 0 2 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 5 11 5
New York 0 0 0 3 0 0 2 0 4 16 10 8
Batteries—Hornman, Hill, Kestol and Warner; Meekin and Zearfoss; Umpire—McFarland.

AT PITTSBURG—R. H. E.
Pittsburg 0 1 0 0 0 3 1 3 8 12 2
Philadelphia 0 1 1 2 0 0 3 0 0 7 12 2
Batteries—Hastings and Merritt; Carson, Taylor, Clements and Grady; Umpire—Botts.

Western League.

At Minneapolis—Minneapolis, 4; Indianapolis, 7.

At Kansas City—Known City; Grand Rapids game postponed; rain.

Interstate League.

At Washington, D. C.—Washington, 3; Fort Wayne, 0.

At Newcastle, Pa.—Newcastle, 1; Jackson, 4.

At Wheeling—Wheeling, 9; Toledo, 7.

At Youngstown—Youngstown, 4; Saginaw, 9.

Turf Winners.

At Cincinnati—Mattie Lee, Athel Lee, Dorothy, Judith, Argoy.

At St. Louis—Hester, Romance, Lady Diamond, Our Maggie, Hawthorne, Gladys.

At New York—Margaret Roth, Mirage, Premier, Pearl Song, Valley, Successful.

At Saginaw, Mich.—Iverni Law, Big Timber, Bravado.



THE PLAN EXPLAINED.

Gold Democrats of Pennsylvania Take Action.

MR. SINGERLY'S SUGGESTION.

Gold Standard Advocates of Democratic Persuasion in the Keystone State Endeavor to Learn What Is Best to Do.

SHOT THE WELL

Which Had Been Abandoned and It Became a Gusher.

RECEIVED THE FULL SHOCK.

HAMILTON, O., July 18.—While Lew Matthias was recarbooning an arc lamp he received the full shock of the current and physicians worked with him for several hours before he came to.

BOAT CAPSIZED

And Two of Its Occupants Drowned In Lake Erie.

LORAIN, O., July 18.—

While on their way from Sandusky to this port in a small sailboat George W. Alexander and John Alheit were drowned. The two unfortunate, in company with a man named Cuttermach, were making for this port. When about two miles out a squall struck and upset the boat. Cuttermach managed to cling to the boat until rescued by a fishing tug. Search is being made for the bodies of Alexander and Alheit.

SALE OF THE DESERTED VILLAGE OF HALBERTSON.

For \$2,000.

SOLD AN ENTIRE TOWN.

The Deserted Village of Halbertson Bought

For \$2,000.

Furniture Dealers Go to the Wall.

COLUMBUS, O., July 18.—Johnson & Neeramer, furniture dealers of this city, have made an assignment.

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EYELSS ANIMALS.

EFFECT OF CONTINUOUS DARKNESS
ON THE EYE ORGAN.

Instances Cited by a Scientist Who Has
Made Special Investigations of the
Mammals—All Creatures Can Tell the Difference
Between Day and Night.

One of the immutable laws of nature
declares that animals which are placed
in new surroundings not fatal to life
undergo certain changes and modifications
in their anatomical and physiological
structures to meet the exigencies
demanded by such a modification of
surroundings. Thus the founder and
his co-conspirator the tortoise, the plow,
the cat, etc., were, centuries and centuries
ago, two-eyed fishes, swimming upright,
after the manner of the perch,
the bass and the salmon, with eyes arranged
one on each side of the head.

From upright fishes swimming probably
close to the surface of the sea, they
became dwellers on its bottom, and in
order to hide themselves more effectually
from their enemies or their prey they
acquired the habit of swimming with one side next to the ground and
of partially or wholly burying themselves
in the mud, always, however, with one side down. They thus became
flat fishes, losing the coloring of their
under surfaces, and their eyes migrating
across their foreheads and taking up
positions on the upper surfaces of their
heads.

Again, when animals are placed
among surroundings in which there is
no need for some special organ, this
organ degenerates and passes wholly or
partially into a rudimentary condition
or entirely out of existence. These latter
effects of changed conditions on animals
are especially noticeable in the effect
of continuous darkness on the organs of sight of those creatures which,
owing to said mutations, have been
compelled to dwell in darkness for centuries.

The mole, far back in the past, had
eyes and gained its livelihood above
ground in the broad light of day. But
owing to some change in its surroundings
it was forced to burrow beneath
the surface of the earth. Consequently
its organs of sight have degenerated
and are now practically worthless so far
as vision is concerned. All moles, how-
ever, can tell darkness from light, con-
sequently are not totally blind—a cer-
tain amount of sight yet remains. This
is due to the fact that, although the optic
or sight nerve, on examination, is
invariably found to be atrophied or
wasted, there yet remain in the shrunken
nerve cord true nerve cells. These
nerve cells transmit light impression to
the brain. Even if the optic nerves
and, in fact, all of the structures of the
eyes, were absent I yet believe that the
mole could differentiate between day,
light and darkness. The sensitive nerve
tufts and filaments of the skin undoubt-
edly in certain instances respond to the
stimulation of light, so that totally
blind animals, animals with no rudimen-
tary organs of vision whatsoever
and the inception of whose ancestors
probably took place thousands of years
ago, show by their actions that light is
exceedingly unpleasant to them. Thus
I have seen actinophrys, minute, mi-
croscopic animalcules, taken from the
river Styx in Mammoth cave, which
is their habitat, seeking to hide them-
selves behind a grain of sand that hap-
pened to be drawn up in the pipe and
dropped upon the glass slide beneath
the object glass of my microscope.

I have repeatedly seen the blind fish
of Mammoth cave seeking out the darkest
spots in aquaria. In point of fact, I
think that it can be demonstrated that
light is directly fatal to these fishes.
They soon die when taken from the
river and placed in aquaria which are
supplied with an abundance of light.
These fish, although they have rudi-
mentary eyes, never have the slightest
remaining trace of nerve cells in the
wasted optic nerve—that is, I have been
unable to discover any—thus showing
that their appreciation of light is not
derived through the agency of their
eyes. An eyeless spider taken from the
same cavern showed a like distaste for
light, and yet in this insect there is ab-
solutely no vestige of an eye or its
nerve cells.

The World's informant understands
that the president has been informed of
the contemplated resignation in the fall
of one of the present judges.

Mr. McAdoo's promotion to be secre-
tary of the navy in the event of Mr.
Herbert's transfer to the bench will be
a recognition of the able manner in
which he has filled the position of as-
sistant secretary.—New York World.

SPRECKELS IS HOPEFUL.

Thinks His Beet Sugar Scheme Will Be
the Salvation of California.

Chris Spreckels, the sugar king, who
is in Paris on his way home from Germany,
today told me the full details of his
successful mission to Germany, where he
developed the project of establishing
immense beet sugar plants in California. He said:

"I came to Europe this time for the
express purpose of getting my beet sugar
scheme going.

"Before I left home I circulated a
pamphlet among California farmers and
landowners in the state. I showed them
that they must start to growing beets in
California if they meant to keep their
heads above water. They are growing
wheat at a loss. My scheme will be the
salvation of the country, but there is
much to do to insure this end. Appli-
ances we have in America at present
won't do at all. Germany is away ahead
of us, and I have been all over that
country to find out whatever there is to
learn.

"I have secured a number of patents
which are indispensable for making the
production of beet sugar a success. With
them I am certain of founding an
immaculately prosperous industry."—Paris
Cor. New York Journal.

FIREMEN ON BICYCLES.

Volunteers at Ridgewood, N. Y., Will Carry Ladders on Tandems.

The bicycle fire corps of Ridgewood,
N. Y., has ordered a fire ladder truck.
The design is original with the volun-
teers of that town. It is known as the
double tandem pattern, the ladder forming
a bridge between the two machines.
The ladder fits into slots on the tandems.

Another design which may be execu-
ted would provide ladders on each side
of the tandems. The money was raised
by fairs and socials, and the sum will
be increased when additional apparatus
is ordered.

This, as planned by the volunteers,
will consist of a big bese carriage be-
tween high bicycles and a handpump
fixed between four tandems. Experts in
the manufacturing and designing of bi-
cycles believe that these designs may
be worked into practical form.

The volunteers of Ridgewood have
used bicycles in running to fires for
some time and have found them very
satisfactory for this work.

Leaden Rinn.

Weather's just the kind to be
Loose wher' the wind blows free,
Nigh some cool old country ranch
Wher' the boys ride in the branch;
Wher' you smell the summer rain
As it sprinkles some old lane;
Wher' the bees make honeycomb,
An' they call the cattle home.
Talk about the lastin' town—
Nothin' beats it—londin' round!

Weather's blazin', so it's best
Just to step away no rest—
Take a day off in the dels,
Drink from old time country wells;
In the grass at yer feet—
Slice the watermelon sweet;
Get away from human words
An' just listen to the birds.
Talk about the lastin' town!
Life is happier loadin' round!

—Frank L. Stanton in Atlanta Constitution.



SECRETARY HERBERT.

plate, of course denies the story, and
Mr. McAdoo says that he knows nothing
about it. It is believed, however,
that there is considerable foundation
for it.

Mr. Herbert is not a wealthy man.
He represented the Montgomery district
of Alabama in congress for 16 consecutive
years, during which time the law
practice he gave up to go to Washington
suffered. He has grown comparatively
poor in the service of the country and
there is little in view for him after the
4th of next March. He is well advanced
in years, and there is little inducement
for him to return to the practice of law
in Montgomery.

President Cleveland is fully aware of
all these circumstances, and it is con-
sidered entirely probable that he will do
as much for Secretary Herbert as he
did two years ago for Representatives
Springer and Kilgore, who, failing of
re-election to congress, were appointed
by him as judges of courts in the Indian
Territory.

The World's informant understands
that the president has been informed of
the contemplated resignation in the fall
of one of the present judges.

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Talk about the lastin' town—
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—Frank L. Stanton in Atlanta Constitution.

PLUM FOR HERBERT.

It is said the President Has Presented His
a Judicial Position.

President Cleveland has, it is said,
promised to appoint Secretary of the
Navy Herbert to a place on the judicial
bench in the fall, provided a vacancy
occurs in the meantime. It is said that
the president contemplates making Assistant
Secretary McAdoo secretary in
order that he may serve out the remaining
few months of the term as a cabinet
officer.

Secretary Herbert, who has returned
from his tour to the Carnegie Steel
works, where he went to inquire into
the cost and processes of making armor

THE INDIANS' FOURTH

A WILD ORGY, THE LIKE OF WHICH
MAY NEVER BE KNOWN AGAIN.

Pine Ridge Agency the Scene of a Sun
Dance Under Red Cloud, in Which
3,000 Yelling Redskins Took Part—A
Bitter Mass of Shrieking Savages.

The morning of the Fourth dawned
at Pine Ridge agency, S. D., amid the
whooping of Indians, barking of ponies
and yelping of dogs, all excited by

Such a wild, picturesque conglomeration
of sights and sounds may never be
known again. Those familiar with such
things think it will be impossible to
ever again gather such a throng of un-
tamed children of the plain.

There were 5,000 of them—Brules,
Oglalas and Cheyennes. At their head
was that historical old patriarch of the
tomahawk and scalping knife, Red
Cloud. While the aged sachem was boss
of the day, he had numerous illustrious
assistants—He Dog, Big Elk, Dog Ear,
Running Bear, Lone Dog, Bear Upside
Down, Wolf Nose and scores of others
distinguished alike on the wartrail and
in the chase.

There were squaw dances the night
before in the light of 100 campfires,
while the young bucks were engaged in
horse and foot races and like sports.
The monotonous beating of drums, com-
mingled with the hoarse shouts of the old
and the falsetto chant of the dancing
squaws, was heard long after mid-
night.

Nevertheless Aurora had hardly begun
to silver the tops of the tallest buttes in the morning before the whole
plateau was in a very paroxysm of un-
earthly sounds and motion. Scores and
scores of half naked, feather bedecked
warriors dashed hither and thither over
the plain on their little rats of ponies,
yelling like fiends and firing rifles at
every jump.

Painted Indians on painted ponies were
shortly swarming the plain, while a
wall of squaws two and three deep
inclosed the vast arena and kept the air
vibrating with shrieks of encouragement
or wails of lamentation. So like a
coyote's in the tongue of a Sioux belle
that it is all but impossible to tell when
she is mightily tickled or in the last
agonies of death.

There was a short interval of bantering
between Big Elk, stripped to eagle
plume, and breechclout, and Standing
Bear, in a war bonnet reaching to his
heels and with a big brass breastpin.
Big Elk shook his rifle in defiance,
while Standing Bear worked his brace-
leted arms and long lance in the wild-
est manner.

A hush, and then simultaneously each
sounded his warcry. Then came a very
deluge of white ponies with green tails,
black ponies with yellow stripes and
pink manes, polka dotted and checked
ponies, and ponies, in fact, of all the
colors of Joseph's coat—some with tails
plaited with gaudy ribbons, wyrhs and
willow branches; others with buffalo
horns attached to the sides of their
heads and scalps and coyote tails strung
from bits and girths. Their wild
riders bore lance and shield, their faces
and naked bodies bedecked with flaming
serpents and horsetails. Rides cracked
and bows twanged to the accom-
paniment of the fiercest, most hair rais-
ing yelps and whoops that ever rent a
summer air.

In a dash all were in a writhing,
struggling, shrieking mass, convoluted
in the smoke and dust like a huge coiled
serpent. The squaws, all in suff-
leged motion, were in a frenzy and
wailed or screamed, it was impossible to
tell whether in exultation or lamenta-
tion. In Iceland horses are shod with
sheep's horn. In the valley of the
upper Oxus the antlers of the mountain
deer are used for the same purpose.
The ankles with straw rope and are
made of the ordinary rice straw, braided
so as to form a sole for the foot about
half an inch thick. These soles cost about a halipenny a pair.
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half an inch thick. These soles cost about a halipenny a pair.
In Iceland horses are shod with
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deer are used for the same purpose.
The ankles with straw rope and are
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The Lima Times-Democrat

LARGEST CIRCULATION IN LIMA.

Postage Prepaid Anywhere in United States.

OFFICE—TIMES BUILDING,
No. 221 North Main Street, Lima, O.
TELEPHONE CALL, No. 84.

THE LIMA TIMES-DEMOCRAT is published every evening (except Sunday) and will be delivered at your newspaper stand each evening upon the following terms:

One copy one year, in advance..... \$1.00
Six months in advance..... \$0.50
By carrier per week..... 10 cents

THE TIMES-DEMOCRAT PUBLISHING CO.

THE TIMES-DEMOCRAT has the largest circulation of any daily newspaper in northwestern Ohio. It is well known that it reaches into every portion of Lima, and goes into every postoffice in Allen county. THE LIMA TIMES-DEMOCRAT is recognized as the people's paper, and as such is the most popular newspaper in the city. It is read by every one in Lima, and its rapidly increasing circulation attests its superiority over all competitors.

THE TIMES-DEMOCRAT—The Semi-Weekly edition issued by the TIMES-DEMOCRAT COMPANY, is without parallel in point of excellence. It contains 26 columns of choice news, and is a paper of great interest to all. It is a matter of great interest to anyone in the country. This excellent newspaper is published for the small sum of

ONE DOLLAR PER YEAR IN ADVANCE.

Subscriptions not paid in advance will be charged at the rate of \$1.50 per year.

Address all communications to
TIMES-DEMOCRAT PUBLISHING CO.,
LIMA, OHIO.

Democratic Judicial Convention.

The Democrats of the Third Judicial Circuit of Ohio will meet in delegate convention at the City of Lima, Ohio, on

TUESDAY, JULY 21, 1896.

At 11 o'clock, a. m., for the purpose of placing the nomination of one candidate for Judge of the Court of Appeals, for state judicial circuit, to be voted for at this convention, and to transact such other business as may properly come before said convention.

The basis of representation in said convention will be one vote for every 100 votes or fraction of 100 or more votes cast for James S. C. Abbott, Governor of Ohio, at the November election, 1895. No mass delegations admitted.

Under the above apportionment, the several counties comprising the Circuit will be entitled to the following representation in the convention:

Counties	Votes	Delegates
Allen	4424	44
Auglaize	3400	34
Crawford	4300	44
Defiance	2620	25
Hardin	3685	36
Henry	2671	29
Logan	1748	17
Marion	3373	34
Meigs	3305	33
Putnam	2619	23
Preble	2101	23
Seneca	4639	47
Union	1605	17
Van Wert	3125	32
Wyandot	2257	25
Total	5119	51
Necessary to a choice	260	
By order of committee		
JOHN W. LEAHY, Chairman.		
Secretary.		

DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

NATIONAL.

For President,
WILLIAM J. BRYAN,
of Nebraska.For Vice President,
ARTHUR SEWALL,
of Maine.

STATE

Secretary of State,
CHILTON A. WHITE,
of Brown county.Judge of Supreme Court,
E. J. BLANDIN,
of Cleveland.

Dairy and Food Commissioner,

Member Board of Public Works,
WILLIAM BEAUMONT,
of Licking.For Presidential Electors at Large,
M. FECHHEIMER,
of Hamilton county.T. E. POWELL,
of Franklin county.

DISTRICT.

For Member of Congress, 4th District,
GEORGE A. MARSHAL,
Shelby county.For Presidential Elector,
MARTIN B. TRAINOR,
of Darke County.

COUNTY

For Probate Judge,
THEODORE D. ROBB.For Clerk of the Court,
U. M. SHAPPELL.For County Auditor,
PHILIP WALTHER.For County Recorder,
ABRAM HARROG.For Prosecuting Attorney,
J. C. RIDENOUR.For Infirmary Director,
ELI MECHLING.For Commissioner,
T. C. BURNS.

One of the many good things in the Chicago platform is the demand for more stringent measures to properly regulate foreign immigration. The statistics of the past year emphasize this. From Italy came sixty-six thousand people, one half of whom could not read or write, while the same is true of one-third of the twenty-three thousand Hungarians who landed on our shores. This condition of things is unfair not only to the laboring people of this country, but the public at large, which can

afford to have such ignorance upon it. That this condition of things exists during the business depression, makes it all the more forcible, as it indicates what we can expect with a return of prosperity. The correction of this evil, and the restoration of silver, will again give the laboring man, the farmer and the merchant an opportunity to enjoy some of the blessings which the gold bugs wish to preempt for themselves.

Although a lower tariff prevails on the plate than was levied by the McKinley act, the industry continues to gain ground. No less than thirty-six plants are now in operation making the black plates, which are the foundation of the product, and which have heretofore almost entirely been imported from England. In fact, the country is in a fair way of supplying its own needs in this respect.

The Democracy of the Fourth Indiana District have nominated Judge Holman, the veteran "watch dog of the treasury," as their candidate for congress. It would have been well for the finances of the nation if the wicked extravagance of the last Republican congress had been restrained by some influence, for they equaled in waste of the people's money the notorious Billion Dollar Reed Congress.

Two things are demonstrated by the swelling proportions of exported manufactures that go far to confirm the faith of the friends of free trade. The ability to sell in foreign markets is an irrefutable proof of ability to control the home market without the aid of government largesse. The extension of our foreign trade affords an outlet for our surplus manufacturers, and by every dollar's worth sent out of the country adds to the ability of the manufacturer as a consumer of home products. In this way the commercial, agricultural and industrial interests of the country may all be encouraged in a symmetrical growth and independence.

Another of the evil effects of the present gold bug theory of a contracted currency and the banishment of silver as a money metal is shown in the annual report of the state shop and factory inspector, just filed with the governor, shows that 58,052 fewer persons were employed during the year just closed, in the shops and factories of Ohio than were employed in 1894. The inspector estimates the yearly loss of wage earnings on this account to be \$22,991,280.

And unless the single standard crowd is defeated this fall the condition must become a great deal worse. The free coinage of silver, expanding the volume of the currency to its normal amount is the only thing that will bring relief.

Henry Watterson from Geneva, cables as follows concerning the ticket nominated at Chicago by the Democracy:

Personally it is an unexceptionable ticket. Mr. Bryan is a most worthy and well educated young man, with a talent for oratory. Mr. Sewell is a Democrat of long standing and credit. It is a ticket that may be made to arouse a good deal of enthusiasm, both real and artificial."

That is a fairly good endorsement to be made by a man whose newspaper is charged with having bolted. Perhaps he has not had so much to bolt for after all.

The Salida, Col., Mail, hitherto a Republican newspaper holds the ticket of Bryan and Sewell at its mast head, and in so doing says:

At the head of the editorial department to day will be seen the names of the nominees for president and vice president for whom our every energy will be exerted in order that their election may be attained. The Democratic party now stands on the ground upon which Abraham Lincoln and his followers stood. Therefore do we pledge our undivided support to Bryan and Sewell.

In taking this step we are but following the course which we mapped out months ago and have ever since followed. The platform on which we stand is, "Bimetallism 16 to 1, prosperity to all the people, and noisms."

The Delphos Courant (Republican) again rises to the necessities of the occasion, and says:

It is decidedly amusing to read the gold bug organs now. They are fairly besides themselves with rage; they stammer in their heated anxiety to abuse the silver people, the convention, the candidates, and so they who does not worship the golden calf. It is the first time in history that they have not controlled, and they can't get over it. They search the dictionaries for the meanest words to use, and seem to think that abuse is all they need; as it is all they have, they are perhaps excusable to a certain degree, if they must say some

thing. All the same the people say amen to free silver.

Bro. Wall, p. favors silver, and has not much patience with the ay newspapers which have said themselves for a pittance to the goldbug, who are endeavoring to get a corner on the yellow metal.

JOHN SHERMAN'S VAGARIES.

EDITOR TIMES DEMOCRAT.—Senator Sherman, in an interview published in the *Republican Gazette* of the 16th inst., in answer to the question, "What would be the result of the free coinage of silver?" said "A depreciated currency, of course." If the law makes both gold and silver full legal tender money, how could either be depreciated for use anywhere in the United States? "The fiat of the government may fix the amount or component parts of a dollar, but it cannot establish its value or purchasing power." The purchasing power of a dollar under the present system is based upon the volume of standard money of Europe and the United States, which is gold. When silver is remonetized the purchasing power of a dollar will be based upon the total volume of the standard money of the world, including both gold and silver.

"Our currency is valuable now because it is based upon gold." Our silver dollars that we have now are valuable because they are a full legal tender for all debts, except where not otherwise specified in a contract, and would have been paid out in place of gold if the last and present secretaries had done their duty. "If the mint is free and unlimited, the coinage will be received and coined for the benefit of the depositor. The coinage is free and unlimited, because any person might bring any quantity of gold or silver bullion of the standard degree of fineness to the mint and receive for it gold or silver coins. The only charges permitted were for refining when the bullion was below standard, for toughening when metals were contained in it which rendered it unfit for coinage, for copper used for alloy when introduced into the alloy for gold and for separating gold and silver when those metals exist together in the bullion. All of these charges relate to the conversion of bullion into the exact kind of bullion suitable for coinage.

By the act of 1837—for free and unlimited coinage at this ratio—provided that gold and silver bullion brought to the mint should be received and coined for the benefit of the depositor. The coinage was free and unlimited, because any person might bring any quantity of gold or silver bullion of the standard degree of fineness to the mint and receive for it gold or silver coins. The only charges permitted were for refining when the bullion was below standard, for toughening when metals were contained in it which rendered it unfit for coinage, for copper used for alloy when introduced into the alloy for gold and for separating gold and silver when those metals exist together in the bullion. All of these charges relate to the conversion of bullion into the exact kind of bullion suitable for coinage.

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The editor in his remarks on this interview, says the people have faith in Senator Sherman's honesty and financial ability, and that he brought the country through the panic of the '70's. Now this may all be the history as record'd, but the last volume that will include the closing acts of this panic, commencing in the '70's, is not yet written yet, and it begins to look as though the people may lose confidence in the Senator's honesty, and say cuss words about his financial ability before the reports are all handed in, as it begins to look very much like neither has been applied for the welfare of the people.

A very good idea of what the history of the panics of the '70's, '80's

and '90's will be can be found in the magazine "Arena," for January and February, 1896, by Prof. Ridpath, historian.

G. W. JAMES.
Lima, Ohio, July 18, 1896

What to Expect From McKinley.

If McKinley shall be elected president his four years' term of office will present an example of quis-governum with parallel in past history. It will be a repetition on a larger scale of his weak and corrupt state administration in Ohio. It will be a period of misrule and of riot for the schemes and conspiracies by which the treasury is robbed or by which the people are defrauded and oppressed. Popular institutions, a system of free government through a pure ballot box, will be tested to their utmost capacity.—Chicago Chronicle.

Where Money Is Needed.

Mark Hanna has been elected chairman of the Republican national committee. There was no other man for the place, and if Mr. McKinley shall be elected he should be made secretary of state. His principal work as chairman of the party will be to try the fat out of the manufacturers, and we hope that he will remember that it will take a good sum of money to keep the Republicans of South Carolina in line.—Chicago News and Courier.

Typical Republican Justice.

That was a typical case of Republicanism in contested election cases when 160 contests were railroaded through the national committee on the ground that the committee on credentials would decide them, and then they were railroaded through the credentials committee on the ground that the national committee had decided them.—Exchange.

Moral Effect of Teller's Withdrawal.

The defection in actual electoral votes from the Republican party is inconceivable, and the eastern bosses may well afford to laugh at it. But the moral effect of the change made by Senator Teller will be incalculable through all the western country.—Kansas City Times.

A PLAIN STATEMENT.

What is meant by free and unlimited coinage at the Ratio of sixteen to one.

Now at all events, so far as yet the quarterly statement of The Sunday News is called upon to explain what is meant by free and unlimited coinage at the ratio of 16 to 1.

Occasionally there is a question which betrays a depth of ignorance most fatal. The News has received one—and from a small town in Colorado at that—which makes us believe that a statement of the familiar facts will be of value in some quarters. In effect it is as follows:

"A. Let's B. that 16 to 1 means that the mints shall coin 16 silver dollars for every gold dollar they coin. B. lets that it means there shall be 16 parts of pure silver to 1 part of alloy in each silver dollar. Which wins?"

Neither of these notions has anything to do with the meaning of the expression "16 to 1." It means that the weight of pure gold in a gold dollar shall be 23.25 grains and the weight of pure silver in a silver dollar shall be 371.25 grains. It will be seen that the weight of silver in a silver dollar is within a trifling fraction of 16 times the weight of gold in a gold dollar, the ratio being called for convenience 16 to 1.

The act of 1837—for free and unlimited coinage at this ratio—provided that gold and silver bullion brought to the mint should be received and coined for the benefit of the depositor. The coinage was free and unlimited, because any person might bring any quantity of gold or silver bullion of the standard degree of fineness to the mint and receive for it gold or silver coins. The only charges permitted were for refining when the bullion was below standard, for toughening when metals were contained in it which rendered it unfit for coinage, for copper used for alloy when introduced into the alloy for gold and for separating gold and silver when those metals exist together in the bullion. All of these charges relate to the conversion of bullion into the exact kind of bullion suitable for coinage.

By the act of Feb. 21, 1853, the right of individuals to have silver coined into half dollars, quarter dollars, dimes and half dimes was taken away, the quantity of silver put into such coins was reduced, their unlimited legal tender quality was reduced to a limit of \$5, and the government went into the making of them as a business, which was profitable because of the less quantity of silver put into them. The silver dollar was not mentioned in this act. The public retained the full right to bring bullion to the mint and have it coined into standard silver dollars, and the silver dollar retained its quality as an unlimited legal tender, which it holds to this day. This act of Feb. 21, 1853, established a mintage charge of one-half of 1 per cent on all gold and silver whether coined or run into ingots on account of depositors, in addition to the charge for refining or parting the metals contained in the act of 1837.

Thus the matter stood until the passage of the act of Feb. 12, 1873, which established the gold dollar as the unit of value and demonetized silver by omitting the standard silver dollar from the list of coins. Until that day any person might bring standard silver bullion 900 degrees fine to the mint and for each 371.25 grains of pure silver therein obtain a silver dollar, paying only one-half per cent coinage charges. If he brought pure silver to the mint instead of standard bullion him-tenths fine, he would have to pay 2 cents an ounce for the copper alloy. If 500 ounces of pure silver were deposited at the mint, it would coin 646 dollars. There would be 55.55 ounces of copper required for alloy, which would cost \$1.11. The one-half per cent for coinage would be \$0.22, which would make the total charge at the mint \$4.66 on 646 dollars.

Through ignorance or malice, the statement is frequently made that under free coinage the owners of silver mines would sell their product to the government. Pictures are drawn of the government vaults choked with silver which it would be unable to force into circulation. This idea has probably grown out of the acts of 1837 and 1853, both of which provided not for free coinage, but for purchase by the United States of a limited amount of silver each month, the dollars coined therefrom or the notes issued in payment therefor not being legal tender when otherwise specified in the contract. Under free coinage the government would not purchase the silver coined into dollars. It would simply coin the silver for whatever brought it to the mint and hand the coin over to the person who brought the silver.—Denver News.

Would Thrive on Temporary Defeat.

Some of the silver men do not agree that if the silver cause does not win in the approaching election the question will be finally settled. At least Senator Bacon says that defeat for silver does not mean the end of the struggle.

"The people who are for silver," he said yesterday, "are actuated by the same spirit which filled the souls of the anti-slavery agitators. The defeat of John C. Frém

WANTED

WANTED—Experienced tobacconist
at The Standard Cigar Co., 215 South
Main street.

WANTED—Team and men to do grading
at C. H. & D. shops. Apply at my
office. J. TATCHESS, Supervisor.

FOR RENT—Desirable furnished room
Good location. Apply at 211 West North
street. 5 M.

MEN—To take orders in every town and
city; no delivery; good wages; pay
weekly; no capital; steady work. GLENN
BROS., Rochester, N. Y. 7-11 m. w. 16.

WANTED—A man or woman of ability and
reference to take the exclusive agency
in this city or county for the Invisible Skin
Supporter. Address the Invisible Skin Sup-
porter Co., Bradick, Pa. 1-31.

WANTED—Girl for general housework
Apply at Grace at 335 south Main
street.

WANTED—My friends patrons and every-
one to know that although I am the
road, to begin until the first of September,
my business will be managed by J. H. Capp,
when I return I expect to open up on a large
scale, and to do the work here.
Very truly, S. L. Woos.

A GENTS WANTED—For Campaign book
Non-partisan hand book of political in-
formation, 600 pages; 100 portraits of national
men. Heavy bound. Price \$1. Every
voter wants it on sight. Sells itself. Big
profits. Send for terms for post
age and terms of credit. NIELSEN & CO.,
Paducah, Cincinnati, Ohio. 24-12.

NO. 54.

East Side Public Square. First-class Barber-
shop. Ladies' and Children's Haircutting
done to order. Special room for ladies' hair-
dressing.

A. G. LUTZ, Proprietor.

BY LIGHTNING

The Barn of P. E. Richie, Near Guy-
er, was Destroyed—One Horse
Killed.

During the severe storm last
Wednesday, the barn of P. E. Richie,
who lives near Guyer, on the Ohio
Southern, was struck by lightning.
Mr. Richie and Jos. Lintner were in
the barn at the time and were severely
shocked. Lintner was knocked
senseless and remained in that condition
for a half hour. When he re-
gained consciousness a horse which
had been killed by the shock was
lying upon him. Another horse was
badly crippled.

The barn was badly wrecked, and
in many places the timbers were
torn into shreds. The barn and the
horses were insured.

The electricity seemed to have
scattered and ran in a dozen different
directions when it struck the barn.
It seems miraculous that fire did not
result from the stroke.

Marvelous Results

From a letter written by Rev. J.
Gunderman, of Dimondale, Mich., we
are permitted to make this extract.
"I have no hesitation in recommending
Dr. King's New Discovery, as the
results were almost marvelous in the
case of my wife. While I was pastor
of the Baptist church at Rives Junction
she was brought down with
Pneumonia succeeding La Grippe.
Terrible paroxysms of coughing
would last hour with little interruption,
and it seemed as if she could
not survive them. A friend recom-
mended Dr. King's New Discovery; it
acts quick in its work and highly
satisfactory in results." Trial bottles
free at Melville Bros. drug store
Regular size 50c and \$1.00.

Woman's Relief Corps Excursion to
Soldiers' Home,
Dayton, via C. H. & D., Thursday,
July 23—the only first-class excursion
that will be given this season. Round
trip tickets, direct to the Home, \$2;
children, 81. The proceeds are for
the monumental fund for deceased
soldiers of Allen county. All sol-
diers, their families, and the public
are invited to unite with the W. R.
C. in making this a pleasant and
profitable enterprise. Tickets on
sale by members of W. R. C., Mel-
ville and Truesdale drug stores or by
ticket agents. 7-2t

AMONG THE RAILROADS

NOTES.

Switchman Chas. Potter, of the C.
& E. yards, will spend Sunday in
Cincinnati.

Conductor Thos. Tiven, of the L.
& W., has reported for work
after vacation.

Will Herring, of Greenlawn ave-
nue, has accepted a position in the
L. E. & W. shops.

The L. E. & W. had an excursion
from Findlay to Sandusky to-day.
Conductor Chas. Jeffries had charge
of the special.

The engine men and train men of
the Sandusky division of the L. E. &
W., received checks for their June
salaries this morning, but the shop
men have not yet received their
checks.

Passenger conductor Hooper, of
the L. E. & W., is taking a trip on
the lakes. Conductor Paul Sprout is
on his run, and conductor Tom
O'Donnell is running the Sandusky
accommodation.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.
The best salve in the world for
Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt
Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped
Hands, Chilblains, Corns and all Skin
Eruptions, and positively cures Piles
or no money required. It is guar-
anteed to give perfect satisfaction, or
money refunded. Price 25 cents per
box. For sale by Melville Bros.

Ready Made Sheets
And Pillow Cases at prices less than
the cost of material, at Feltz's. 4-1t

CYCLING.

Clyde Roberts a Winner in Last
Night's Races.

BRESSLER'S EXHIBITION.

The Track in Poor Condition and Air too
Cool for Racing—Bald, Sanger and
Cooper's Race of the Year at
Kalamazoo, Mich.

The races at the L. C. C. race
track last night were witnessed by a
fair sized audience. The track was
in poor condition, and the air was so
cool that racing men were scarce.
The programme consisted of four
races and two exhibitions. Clyde
Roberts established a quarter mile
record for the track, and was winner
in the principal events.

Event 1 was a one mile open for
class 1, paced by the Andrae tandem.
The tandem paced until the home
stretch was reached on the last lap,
when Clyde Roberts shot ahead and
won first by a length. Bressler also
made an excellent sprint and won
second from Clutter by half a length.
Clutter won third and Keeton
fourth. Time 2:25 3-5.

Event 2 was a half mile open for
class 2, and also paced by Morris and
Campbell, the Andrae tandem team.
There were but two starters, Sanders
and Hauenstein. Sanders won. Time
1:09 4-5.

Event 3 was an exhibition quarter
mile, flying start, paced by Clyde
Roberts. The flying start was taken
on the back stretch, and the distance
from the quarter pole to the tape was
ridden in 32 2 5. Roberts crossing the
tape ahead of the tandem. This
performance established a quarter
mile record for the track.

Event 4 was a mile open for class 3,
paced. Ira Stewart, Howard Nichols
and S. B. Miller were the starters,
and the race was rather slow until
the finish. Stewart won first with
ease, Nichols was second and Miller
third. Time, 2:49.

Event 5 was an exhibition half
mile by Earl Bressler with flying
start, and considering the condition
of the track, the performance was a
creditable one. He was paced the
first quarter by the tandem and the
second quarter by Oriley Clutter. The
pick up that Clutter made was splendid,
and the finish was fast. The distance was
covered in 1:03 3-5.

Event 6 was a one mile handicap,
and darkness was approaching so
rapidly that the race was
hurried off and Clutter and Bressler
did not get a chance to start. Keeton
and Roberts, the scratch men,
caught the bunch on the first quarter.
On the finish, Roberts won by
several lengths. Ira Stewart, 100
yards, won second; H. H. Hauenstein,
40 yards, third, and Keeton fourth.
Time, 2:15 4-5.

The members of the Andrae team
made their appearance last night in
handsome new racing suits.

Toledo was billed to have a National
Circuit meet, July 21st and
22nd, but being unable to secure
entries of Cooper, Bald, Gardner, Sanger
and Ziegler, the meet was cancelled.
Lima was more fortunate,
for the entries of all the fast circuit
men except Bald have been already
received.

The grandest race of the year was
the mile open yesterday at Kalamazoo,
in which Bald, Cooper and Sanger
fought to a finish a desperate battle
for the tape, and in which Bald
made a magnificent win and a world
single paced, competition record, in
2:07. Nine men qualified for this
event in three heats, Ziegler,
Cooper and Kimble taking the
honors. In the final a representative
field took the tape, Ziegler on the pole,
and Cooper, Kimble, Clark, Longhead, Sanger,
Bald, Randall and E. C. Johnson at his
right. Winesett paced and was caught
by Bald, Ziegler and Cooper. Randall
jumped to the front, however, dropping
back and taking Bald's place
from him. Sanger rode at the rear
till the sprint, which Bald and Cooper
started. Bald had the pole, with
Cooper outside and Kimble hanging
safely to Cooper's wheel, when Sanger
jumped. The big fellow closed up
three lengths at the last turn, poking
his wheel in between Bald and
Cooper, and fighting it like a demon.
Bald led clear to the tape, after car-
rying the entire quarter, while
Cooper and Sanger finished abreast,
half a length back, and with
handle bars rubbing throughout the
sprint. The time was 2:07 flat.
Kimble held Cooper's wheel in, fol-
lowed by Ziegler, who had got the
worst of his position. Cooper's pedal
clipped five spokes out of Sanger's
rear wheel just as they crossed. It
was one of the greatest finishes ever
witnessed between the three greatest
American racers.—*Toledo Blade*.

We can offer you bar-
gains in
SEWING MACHINES,
CARPETS,
FURNITURE,
QUEENSWARE,
DISHES,
MATTINGS,
BICYCLES,
BABY CABS,
LAMPS,
GAS AND GASOLINE
STOVES,
COOKING STOVES.

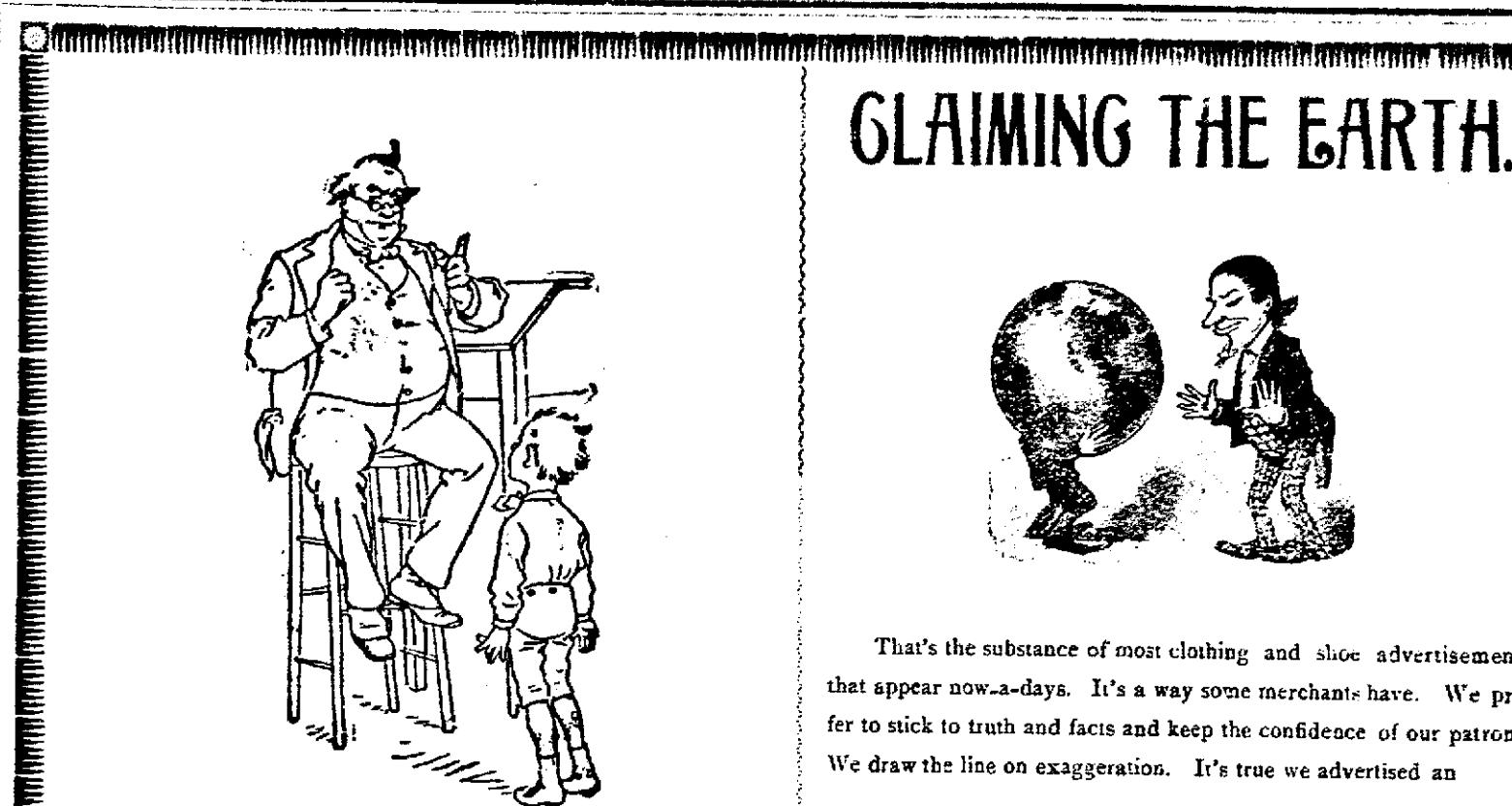
ALL KINDS OF STOVES.
For hot weather, for cold weather; they will
suit and so will the price.

HOOVER BROS.,

House
Furnishers.

Bicycles—All Kinds.
New and second hand at greatly reduced
prices.

The Stearns Leads.
Watch the sunlight glisten on those orange
rims.



CLAIMING THE EARTH.

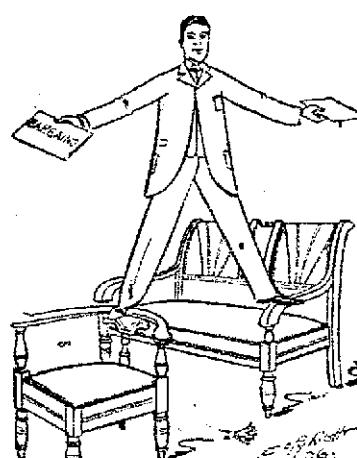
That's the substance of most clothing and shoe advertisements
that appear now-a-days. It's a way some merchants have. We prefer
to stick to truth and facts and keep the confidence of our patrons.
We draw the line on exaggeration. It's true we advertised an

Unloading
Sale. . .

Throughout every department; in CLOTHING for Men, Boys and
Children, in SHOES for Men, Women and Children. We carry out
every promise made in our advertisements. We will willingly part
with every article of summer wear at cost, but in no case do we offer
gold dollars for 40c.

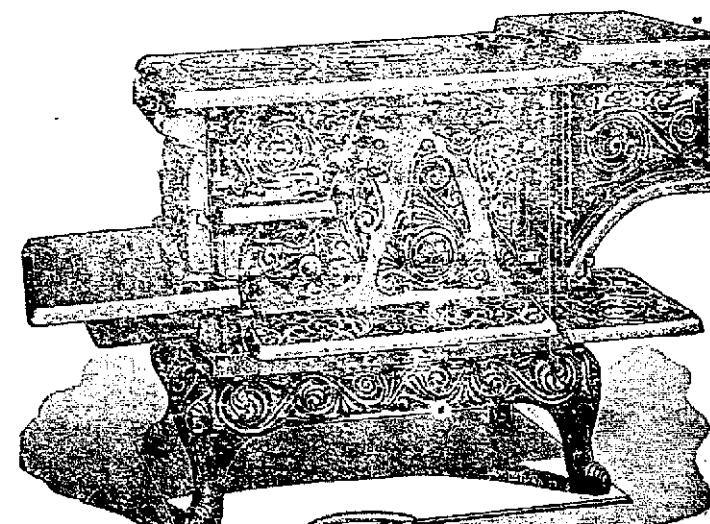
We urge comparison with anything offered in Lima.

Michael
Opera House Block

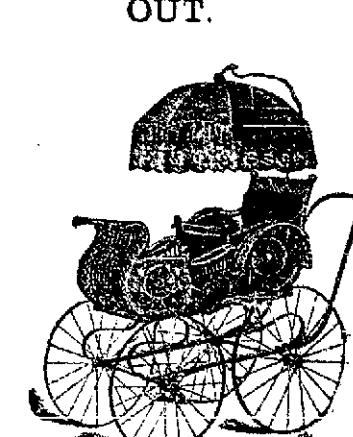


WE ARE SELLING!
ARE YOU BUYING?

We are not like some people, who shout about
bargains that they have, but can show you none.



BABY
CABS
AT
ALMOST
YOUR
OWN
PRICE.
WE
MUST
CLEAR
THEM
OUT.



ALL KINDS OF STOVES.

For hot weather, for cold weather; they will
suit and so will the price.

HOOVER BROS.,

House
Furnishers.

Bicycles—All Kinds.
New and second hand at greatly reduced
prices.

The Stearns Leads.
Watch the sunlight glisten on those orange
rims.

THE - POSTOFFICE

Enjoy the biggest trade in town, but as we claim to have always been next to the postoffice, (next door) it was fitting that, the latter having vacated its old quarters, we should take possession. So that's what we did, and this

OFFICIAL NOTICE

It is printed so that everybody may know it. It is important that you should know where to find us, for it wouldn't do to have people dropping dead in the street, not knowing where to find us, when we have a whole store full of medicines, with which we kindly save all the lives we can. So, henceforth,

IF ANYTHING'S THE MATTER WITH YOU, GO TO THE POSTOFFICE.

The old postoffice, of course, not the new. There in the future, as in the past, you may feel sure your prescriptions will always be carefully compounded, and at reasonable prices.

See our splendid new line of Fine Perfumes.

WM. M MELVILLE,
THE DRUGGIST.

OLD POSTOFFICE CORNER.

GEO. W. COE.
Piano Tuner.

FIRST CLASS WORK.

Leave order at Doward & Son's book store, or telephone No. 282.

THE TIMES-DEMOCRAT.

THE TIMES-DEMOCRAT PUBL'G CO
COUNTING ROOM 321 NORTH MAIN ST.

TELEPHONE CALL NO. 84.

ABOUT PEOPLE.

Who They Are, Where They Have Been and Are Going.

John H. Klatte is in Delphos to-day.

Max Michael returned to-day from Harrold.

Mrs. Geo. B. Holland is visiting in Chicago.

Max Buck will spend Sunday in Cincinnati.

Miss Lena Victor has returned from a visit to Chicago.

Chris Purtcher, of Detroit, is in the city visiting his mother.

Frank Flynn, of Second street, is visiting his sister in Toledo.

J. A. Maltby, of Piqua, is registered at the Cambridge House.

Almon Swinehart and son Ira, of Bluffton, were in Lima to-day.

Thad Hutchinson has returned from a visit in Cleveland and Buffalo.

Mr. and Mrs. Robert Mills and son, of Second street, are visiting in Shadron, Pa.

Judge Richie and wife will leave next week for a visit to Salt Lake City, Utah.

Mrs. H. Hersenberg and daughter, Bertha, have returned from a visit in Westminster.

Miss Nora Hershberg has returned from Frystonia, accompanied by Miss Flora Frankel.

Miss Elva Berry, of Ada, is visiting her aunt, Mrs. Geo. P. Anspach, of Hughes avenue.

Miss Lillie Fox, of Hume, is the guest of her sister, Mrs. Geo. Wolf, of Forest avenue.

Mr. J. W. Burns and daughter left yesterday for a week's visit with friends at Dayton.

Smiley Wolf, of Forest avenue, has returned home after a visit with his grandfather, at Hume.

Mrs. C. R. Lay, of Chicago, is the guest of her nieces, the Misses Leonard, of west Vine street.

George E. Gray, who has been at Findlay for the past two weeks on business, has returned home.

Miss Pearl and Nell Bigelow leave to-day for Southern Ohio, to visit with friends for a several weeks.

Miss Flora and Master Charley Klein returned home yesterday, after visiting a week with relatives at Spencerville.

Fred. Russell, wife and child, who have been stopping at the Burnt house, have left for their home in Michigan.

Mrs. Adolph Fox and son, who have been visiting in several points of interest in the East, will return home the 26th.

Miss Dorothy, of Van Wert, and Miss Blanche Adams, of Columbus Grove, were the guests of Mrs. Chloe Poage, yesterday.

Mrs. Geo. W. James, of Lima, and Mr. Koch, of Louisville, Ky., were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Geo. J. James, Friday - *Democrat Journal*

Mrs. Ellen (a lawyer and daughter, Miss Anna, at 7:20 a.m. Jackson street, and Mr. W. H. Gallagher, of Findlay, last night, for and for, New York to attend the marriage of F. H. Gallagher and Miss

DEMOCRATS

Will be with Us in Force Next Wednesday.

THE CIRCUIT CONVENTION

Will Bring Together the Democracy of Sixteen Counties to Select a Successor to Judge Henry - Several Prominent Candidates in the Field

The committee of arrangements for the Judicial Circuit Convention, to be held in this city next Tuesday, have about completed their work. The sessions of the convention will be held in Music Hall and will be called to order at 11 o'clock Tuesday by R. B. Gordon, Jr., of Auglaize county, Chairman of the District Committee.

The convention promises to be an interesting one, the more so because the nomination this season is equivalent to an election. The Third circuit will give the Democratic ticket in November next not less than 5,000 majority. The candidates most prominently mentioned in connection with the nomination are Judge Norris, of Marion county, and Judge Schanfleberger, of Seneca county. Judge Newbergen, of Defiance, is also spoken of as a probable candidate.

The district consists of sixteen counties: Allen, Auglaize, Crawford, Defiance, Hancock, Hardin, Henry, Logan, Marion, Mercer, Paulding, Putnam, Seneca, Union, Van Wert and Wyandot. The number of Democratic votes cast in these counties last November was 50,964. The basis of representation in the convention is one delegate for each 100 votes or fraction over 50 cast for James E. Campbell at the last election. This gives the various counties the following delegates in the convention: Allen county, 44; Auglaize county, 38; Crawford county, 44; Defiance county, 25; Hancock county, 36; Hardin county, 31; Henry county, 28; Logan county, 17; Marion county, 34; Mercer county, 33; Paulding county, 33; Putnam county, 33; Seneca county, 47; Union county, 17; Van Wert county, 34; Wyandot county, 25. The total number of votes in the convention will be 510, and the number necessary to a choice is 256.

The following named gentlemen will compose the Allen county delegation: Amanda township - C. C. Ely. Auglaize township - E. B. Manahan and Frank Phillips. Bath township - T. Stever. Delphos - George Auer, D. E. Baxter, Jr., J. H. Herlihy. German township - T. B. Bowersock, N. Pfeifer. Jackson township - F. M. Watt, M. M. Boyd. Marion township - Enos Hoffer, J. R. Hoover, Joseph Metzgar. Monroe township - Daniel Harpster, J. A. States. Perry township - Allen Joseph, H. Hefner. Bluffton - W. A. Stull, C. M. Tolan, Frank Eaton. Beaver Dam - C. O. Heller. Shawnee township - George Burkhardt, George Shappel. Spencer township - J. H. Niedhart, G. Z. Morey, C. W. Myers. Sugar Creek township - T. W. Miller.

Lima - Maurice Rahilly, Daniel Carras, Joseph Madigan, J. F. Hausestein, Henry O'Neill, Frank J. Klatte, W. T. Agster, C. J. Brotherton, O. S. Keller, Jno. H. Arnold, Frank Selber, Elliott Grubb, L. Grumrine, Andrew Warner, Geo. Humston, C. L. Bell, J. N. Hutchinson, A. S. Graham, W. R. Mehsaffay.

DIVORCE WANTED.

Irena Delong Sues for a Divorce - Her Husband a Criminal.

Irena Delong, says the Sidney News, has filed a petition asking to be divorced from her husband, Isaac Delong. She says they were married November 8, 1883; that at the February term of the court of common pleas in Allen county her husband was convicted and sent to the penitentiary for an assault to commit rape, and is now serving his sentence. She also asks that she be restored to her maiden name, which was Irena Longley, and that she be decreed the custody of her minor child.

STREET TALK.

Theodore Michael relates a true snake story, in which he was one of the principal actors. He, with two of his brothers, room on north Pierce street, and occupy three rooms. One evening this week Theodore went home rather early and while preparing for bed noticed a rather large sized snake near the dresser. He called to his brothers for assistance, who hastened to his room. After considerable excitement and confusion the life of the reptile was destroyed. Theodore now has the reptile in alcohol. It is a dark brown color of a peculiar class. Theodore claims to have called his brothers only that they might be witnesses to his strange find.

A merry party of seventeen young people, decked with their class colors, stopped at the Burnet House yesterday. They were Ada students and on their way home to spend a few weeks' vacation. They were acquainted with Rev. Wallace, who, on invitation, took dinner with them.

After a brief stay in the city they left for their various homes on the south-bound C. H. & D. train.

The Metropolitan block need only a hospital to be complete. As it now is one can, without leaving the building, receive a prescription from a doctor, have it filled by a druggist, have his will drawn by a lawyer, and be cared for by an undertaker after the coroner has held an inquest.

DIVORCE SUITS.

One Brought on Grounds of Gross Neglect and Another Desertion.

Anna Rahe has filed a suit for divorce in the Probate court against Harry Rahe. The petition recites that they were married in November, 1892, at Ft. Wayne, Ind., and that three children were born to them. She prays for a divorce on the grounds of gross neglect, in that for more than two years past her husband has, by reason of his idleness and dissipation, entirely neglected the plaintiff, and has failed to provide her with clothing and the common necessaries of life, although able to do so, and that she has been compelled to provide the same for herself by her own exertions and personal labor.

Emma Morris has also filed a divorce suit against George Morris, of Harrod, O. They were married October 23rd, 1895, and lived together until June, 1896, when the petition states that he deserted her. The plaintiff was married prior to her last marriage, and to her were born three children, all of whom are now under twelve years of age. Mrs. Morris claims her husband is an able bodied man, and draws a good salary, and prays the court that she may finally be allowed a reasonable monthly allowance by her husband, and that, pending the case, she may be allowed temporary alimony.

COURT HOUSE NEWS.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS

B. F. Faurot, one-half acre in Bath township to the Pittsburg, Ft. Wayne & Western railroad; \$310.50. Isabella Swaney and Geo. Swaney to Sallie A. Swaney, 20 acres in Richland township; \$800.

Benjamin L. Coulson et al to Fred C. Beam, outlet 202 in Coulson's addition, Lima; \$500.

Joseph L. and Lena Davis to Wm. H. Engle, part of lots 4017 and 4018 in Jacob's first addition, Lima; \$1350.

First National Bank of Lima to the Lima Real Estate Company - six lots in Jameson's addition, one lot in Blackburn's addition, two lots in Hughes' addition, fifteen lots in Holmes' third addition, fifteen lots in Kirby's sub-division - in consideration of \$33,550.42

PROBATE OFFICE.

Jacob Killian has filed in the probate office his second and final account of James and Rosa Killian, deceased.

Services at the Infirmary.

Rev. Thomas will preach at the county infirmary Sabbath afternoon, July 19th, at 3 o'clock. All are invited.

Mrs. Myers, County Superintendent.

Cincinnati and Return

Next Sunday, July 19th, over the C. H. & D., only \$1.50. Great game of ball. Lima's old favorite, "Dusty" Miller, will show up in great form. Be sure and go down. Train will leave at 7:15 a.m.

Men's Laundered Percale Shirts Reduced from \$1.00 and \$1.25 to 75 cents each, at Feltz's.

Ready Made

Seamless Sheets for 39 cts. each, at Feltz's.

Highest of all in Leavening Power - Latest U. S. Govt Report

Royal Baking Powder
ABSOLUTELY PURE

ARRESTED AGAIN.

Ed Slavin Bound Over Under Bond of \$50 Last Evening.

Ed Slavin, the Bluffton young man who was released in probate court yesterday afternoon, in the case of alleged burglary, in which he proved an alibi, but was rearrested last evening on a charge of assault and battery and threatening violence, was arraigned in Justice Atmusr's court and bound over under bond of \$50

A HOT CONTEST.

Baltimore vs. Cincinnati - Are You Going to Cincinnati

Next Sunday on the C. H. & D. excursion? Well I should smile. Just think of it, a special train at 7:15 a.m., only \$1.50 round trip, and the greatest game of the season. Call on McGuire and hear him explain it and you cannot stay at home.

Shirt Waists

Go at half price at Feltz's. 44

Remember

That teeth made by our New Method are guaranteed to fit. If they don't fit they will not cost you a cent.

Dr. CHASE,

6-2t Metropolitan block.

Excursion to Chillicothe, O., Monday, July 20th, via the Ohio Southern Railroad - Train Leaves Lima at 8:20 a.m. and at 3:40 p.m. - \$3.95 for the Round Trip

The 8th Central Ohio Sangerfest and Centennial will be held at Chillicothe, Ohio, during the week commencing July 20th. The German Mannerchor Society of Lima will go to the body, leaving Lima on the Ohio Southern at 8:20 a.m., Monday, July 20th. They will have a special car running through to Chillicothe via Greenfield and the B. & O. S. W., arriving in Chillicothe at 2 p.m. For this occasion the O. S. have made the very low rate of \$3.95 for the round trip.

To the Patrons of the Shroyer Insurance Agency.

The policy holders of the Miami Valley Insurance Company, of Dayton, Ohio, have recently received communications from the general agent of the National, at Chicago, asking them to exchange their Miami Valley policies in the National. We desire to say to our patrons who hold Miami Valley policies that this is simply a scheme to take the business from this agency, that they are amply protected under the Miami Valley policies and can gain nothing by such an exchange. Please call and see us before taking any action in the matter, and oblige,

JOHN H. PHILLIPS,

it Manager of Shroyer Agency.

Go to Townsend's Market

For spring chickens and home boiled ham. Telephones 138. 62

Ready Made

Seamless Sheets for 39 cts. each, at Feltz's. 44

When
An Agent

offers to show you
the new Cash Value
Policy of the
Equitable, don't
fail to look at it, for
it is the best life
assurance policy
issued by the
best company.

THE EQUITABLE

LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY

120 BROADWAY,

N. Y.

R. W. WALLACE & CO.

GENERAL AGENTS,

Room 6 Holmes Block, LIMA, OHIO.

One Fare Round Trip to Chillicothe, Ohio, via the Ohio Southern Railroad, Account of the 8th Central Ohio Sangerfest and Centennial, July 20th to 24th.

The Orion Mannerchor Society of Lima have voted to go to Chillicothe, O., via the Ohio Southern, leaving Lima at 8:20 a.m. July 20th, in a special coach, which will arrive in Chillicothe at 2 p.m. Everybody invited to join them and take advantage of this very low rate. 44

Feltz Bros. & Co.

Are selling their entire stock of Shirt Waists at half price. 44

The diamond prizes to be given away at the national circuit bicycle meet, July 26, are now on display in Adolph Fox's show window, 224 north Main street. 362

For Bargains in Muslin, Print, Wash Fabrics, Toweling, Table Linens, etc., go to Feltz Bros. & Co. 44

WM. PUGH,
ICE DEALER.

Send your orders to telephone